

HIGH CITY OFFICIAL TO BE INDICTED FOR PART IN CARNEGIE TRUST FAILURE

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LATEST
EXTRA

The

EVENING EDITION

World

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EXTRA CONGRESS SESSION CALLED BY PRESIDENT TAFT; APRIL 4 IS THE DATE SET

Action Taken When Reciprocity Bill Fails and Tariff Board Is Killed—Wild Filibusters Mark End of Sixty-first Congress.

(Special to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The Sixty-first Congress came to an end this afternoon and the Sixty-second Congress will be called in special session on April 4 to act on measures which the Sixty-first Congress failed to pass. All the big appropriation bills got through, but President Taft's tariff board measure was lost in the House and the proposition to admit New Mexico and Arizona jointly to statehood was lost in the Senate.

The passing of the Sixty-first Congress was attended by scenes of riotous disorder both in the House and in the Senate.

Senator Bailey of Texas, wild with anger because his colleagues would not follow him in opposition to admitting Arizona as a State because of its racial constitution, tendered his resignation, and when Vice-President Sherman refused to accept it, he was by wire to Gov. Culbitt of Texas. Bailey expects to be promptly re-elected by the Texas Legislature.

Clocks Turned Back.
In both houses the clocks were turned back in order to allow the pressure of urgent business to remain within the legal life of the Congress. The Senate adjourned at 12:15 o'clock and the House at 12:35 o'clock.

Filibusters were conducted by the Democrats in the Senate and House up to the last moment of the session. Senator Owen, fighting for the admission of New Mexico and Arizona to statehood, conducted the Senate filibuster and endangered for a time the General Deficiency bill. He forced the joint statehood matter to a vote and it was defeated.

Tariff Board Bill Lost.
The Tariff Board bill which had been passed by the Senate by a vote of 55 to 23 met with a hostile reception when it reached the House. The Democrats, led by Congressman Fitzgerald of Brooklyn, started into kill it by obstructing the appropriation bills. They killed the Tariff Board bill, but they cornered the House of Representatives into a bear garden and forced Uncle Joe Cannon to wind up his career as speaker with a display of canine force.

President Taft, who had hoped for the passage of his Tariff Board bill, decided to call a special session of the sixty-second Congress as soon as he learned of the fate of the bill in the House. He went into conference with several leaders after the adjournment of the Senate for the purpose of fixing a date for the beginning of the special session and decided on April 4 in deference to the wishes of the Democrats.

Through the last two hours of the turmoil in both houses President Taft sat in his room in the capitol awaiting results and the final notice that Congress had adjourned. "The President was

(Continued on Second Page.)

LAWBREAKERS BROUGHT TO BOOK.

The criminals who have been taking human lives in England's metropolises and branding their victims' foreheads with a red triangle have been cleverly run down and punished through the masterful work of London's great detectives.

The detective work in these cases has been of such a high order and the facts so interesting that the various episodes have been chronicled, printed and are now being given in a complete story in book form—"The Mystery of the Red Triangle."

With to-morrow's Sunday World will be given the detective-story novel entitled, "The Case of the Lever Key." This fascinating narrative brings the reader nearer to the ultimate solution of "The Mystery of the Red Triangle," a secret that underlies this series of outrages against justice.

Remember, this book, "The Case of the Lever Key," is not for sale. It goes FREE with every copy of the Sunday World to-morrow. Order your copy in advance.

SHEEHAN FORCES TO STICK TO HIM TO END, THEY SAY

Gov. Dix's Letter Seems to Have No Effect on Their Loyalty.

CONTINUE DEADLOCK.

Two or Maybe Three Votes May Be Changed at Most, It Is Said.

Gov. Dix's letter advising Democratic members of the Legislature to abandon William F. Sheehan will be disregarded by all but two or possibly three of the caucus Democrats, according to figures given out by the managers of Sheehan's campaign to-day.

Mr. Sheehan will stick to the present, Tammany Hall will stick to Sheehan and the legislative deadlock will continue until some unforeseen event arises to break it.

Sullivan Will "Stick."
"The Governor's letter will have no effect on me," said Senator Christy Sullivan, "and I believe I am safe in saying that it will have no effect on anybody else believes in the principle of majority rule. Mr. Sheehan is the caucus candidate and as long as he remains the caucus candidate we will stick to him."

Mr. Sheehan was hard to catch to-day. He would not be found at his home or at his office. Charles F. Murphy refused to say a word about the Governor's letter, which he saw last night when a copy of it was handed to Mr. Sheehan at Delmonico's.

Mr. Murphy and Mr. Sheehan made an appointment last night to meet some time this afternoon or this evening. It will be necessary for them to take some notice of the Governor's change of attitude. They will probably reply to the Governor's letter in separate statements.

"The matter is in the hands of our representatives in the Legislature," said John H. McConoy, the Brooklyn leader. "All of them with whom I have talked to-day say they can find no way to amalgamate with the minority. The only thing they can see is to follow the majority rule, which they will do."

Murphy Must Approve.
Many politicians thought Martin W. Littleton would stand a good chance now, but others asserted that even if Sheehan is discarded by the "regulars" the man to be elected must have the support of Murphy and his Tammany followers, who are strong enough to deadlock the Legislature indefinitely if the candidate does not suit them.

A statement was made that Mr. Cadogan might be secured for the honor. It was alleged that Tammany would gladly turn to him and that he is acceptable to the insurgents as well. It seemed to be the general belief that it will be several days before the full effect of the Governor's letter can be known.

Albany, March 4.—The usual Saturday lull in Albany was broken to-day. There was a total vote of 14, of which seven were in favor of Sheehan. There being no motion picture stills shown to-day.

CRASH ON BROADWAY CAUSES PANIC IN CROWD.

The driver of a truck passing up Broadway to-day swung his horses slightly to give an automobile clearance way. The wheels of the truck skidded and the front wheels crashed against a steel standard supporting an electric light in front of the Imperial Hotel.

The heavy steel pole broke off near the ground and fell across the sidewalk, narrowly missing half a dozen pedestrians. The curved upper end, from which the light hung, smashed a heavy glass and steel plate in the sidewalk and showered with wreckage a portion of the sidewalk underneath.

YOUNG SOCIALIST AFTER HE HAD WON VERDICT IN SUIT.



WALLING LEAVING COURT

QUEEN CONSOLES LITTLE ONES OF SLAIN PRINCESS

Prince Trigona Takes Wife's Body Home for Burial—Murderer in Delirium.

ROME, March 4.—The two little daughters of the murdered Princess Giulia Trigona di Sant'Elia sobbed out their grief in the arms of Queen Helena at the Quirinal to-day. Her Majesty was no less affected and with difficulty controlled her emotions as she consoled the motherless ones and assured them of her continued protection.

It was the leave-taking prior to the departure of the children and their father, Prince Trigona di Sant'Elia, with the body of the Princess to the old home at Palermo. The Prince had sent a letter to King Victor Emmanuel asking that he be relieved from his office as gentleman-in-waiting in the court of the Queen. The children have been informed of the death of their mother, but the circumstances withheld from them.

Baron's Condition Worse.
While this scene was being enacted at the Quirinal the prison physicians were making desperate efforts to reduce the falling strength of the murderer, Baron Nicotini, who is placed in the Third Royal Piedmont Cavalry, who, after slaying the Queen's lady-in-waiting, shot himself in the head. The Baron's condition was worse to-day. He experienced periods of delirium and of coma. Frequent injections of stimulants were required.

Early in the day the relatives of the Princess were admitted to the cemetery and permitted to view the body, though it had been diagnosed in the autopsy. The body was taken placed in a casket and accompanied by a brother of the Princess, Prince Tasso di Caste, removed to the railway station, where it was placed on a train for Palermo. It will be buried in the family tomb.

Trigona Quits Court.
Albino, who has not recovered from a recent attack of influenza, Prince Tasso, after spending a few days in the city, left the Quirinal and proceeded to Palermo with his daughter.

Queen Helena's condition was delicate at the time of the tragedy. It is generally believed that he killed her in a jealous rage because she had refused to furnish him with additional funds, but it is also believed that the Princess, under the influence of the Queen, had determined to break with the Prince and attempt a reconciliation with her husband.

SNOWFALL A SURPRISE; FAIR WAS THE FORECAST.

Snow, which started in a sort of drizzle, began falling at 4 o'clock this morning. At daylight the flakes were larger and were falling steadily. The snow on the streets and sidewalks melted as fast as it fell, but before dawn the roofs of houses were white.

The predictions for to-day are for fair weather with moderate, variable winds, shifting to the west.

GIRL LOSES SUIT AGAINST WALLING FOR ALLEGED JILT

Anna Grunspan's Claim of Broken Promise Thrown Out by Jury.

WRANGLING ALL NIGHT.

Vote 11 to 1 Till Just Before Court Opens—Says She'll Fight On.

After a night's wrangling, due to the stubbornness of one juror, the jury in the \$100,000 breach of promise suit brought by Anna Berthe Grunspan against William English Walling, millionaire Socialist and settlement worker, returned a verdict in favor of Walling.

The pretty little Paris shopgirl went bitterly and fled from the courtroom with her lawyers, while Walling and his wife, Anna Strunsky, remained and received the congratulations of a tremendous throng which crowded the courtroom and corridors.

The jury had been out since 10:45 o'clock last night and only once left the jury room just above Part XIV-a room, when they consumed some coffee and rolls in a hotly lunch room at 3 o'clock this morning.

The first ballot stood 10 to 2 in favor of the plaintiff.

The two jurors who locked the verdict were Harry Jacobson, No. 2, and M. Charles Hirsch, No. 5. It was Hirsch who led the jurors' inquisition of witnesses unfavorable to the pretty plaintiff during the trial.

Gives In After Address.
Juror No. 5 surrendered shortly before 7 o'clock after an address to his colleagues. Adam K. Stricker and Arthur M. Wickwire. Her eyes were swollen from loss of sleep and she was nervous. She sat reading a morning paper while the courtroom filled.

Walling and his lawyer, Emil Puchs, were late arriving. The tall, lanky young writer shuffled into his seat and turned and gazed after curiously at his wife, who was already there.

Girl Could Read Verdict.
Grunspan, carrying a bundle of exhibits, hurried to his seat, threw the bundle on the stenographer's table and began reading over a memorandum he had made. The other jurors sat with severe, impassive faces. None of them glanced toward the girl who stood Walling.

She had already read the verdict and restlessly moved in her chair. After the jury was polled the foreman arose in response to the customary question and said in a firm, slow voice: "Verdict for the defendant."

Miss Grunspan's face flushed. She turned anxiously toward her counsel and whispered, apparently asking the import of the foreman's words. Then her eyes filled with tears and her head dropped over on the table. She cried hysterically for several minutes while her lawyer made motions for a new trial and moved to set the verdict aside.

Justice Griggs, seated with her, said she had already read the verdict and restlessly moved in her chair.

"Expected So Much," She Says.
"It is terrible after all I have suffered and I expected as much from the justice of the American people," she said.

She has beaten me because he had the money to do it. But I am not through with him. Mr. Walling will find that he can not triffl with my heart, as he has done, and escape this way."

It was stated by one of Miss Grunspan's counsel that the case would be appealed. Miss Grunspan has received hundreds of letters of encouragement, some of them offering financial aid to prosecute her case. She also received dozens of proposals of marriage. Yesterday a representative of a Broadway vaudeville house approached her with a view of obtaining her signature to a theatrical engagement.

WHITMAN UNCOVERS THE DEALS OF "INSIDERS" WHO FORCED THE CARNEGIE TRUST TO CLOSE

SENATOR FROM TEXAS WHO RESIGNS HIS SEAT IN A HUFF.



BAILEY RESIGNS FROM THE SENATE; ACTION SURPRISES

Member From Texas Reported Angry Because Democrats Did Not Support Him.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Senator Bailey, Democrat, of Texas, to-day resigned from the Senate. He expects to be re-elected. Bailey's reason was the failure of the Democrats in the Senate to follow his leadership in the consideration of the Arizona constitution, to which Bailey was violently opposed.

He was against the initiative and referendum, and the recall of public officials, particularly in its application to judges.

Senator Bailey first presented the resignation to Vice-President Sherman, who refused to accept it.

Mr. Bailey then wired his resignation to Gov. Campbell of Texas. Mr. Bailey's term would not have expired until March 3, 1912.

Bailey Gives Reasons.
In conversation with fellow Senators Bailey based his reasons upon the vote cast by Democratic Senators in favor of the approval of the Constitution of Arizona, which he said, was so contrary to his ideas of government that he did not feel he would be justified in continuing his service with Senators who as members of his own party would take the position that had been taken in the vote on that proposition.

Immediately after the close of the session Mr. Bailey was closeted for some minutes with his Democratic colleagues, but resisted all appeals to reconsider. He was sent for by Vice-President Sherman, with whom he went into consultation.

When the resignation was first sent by Mr. Bailey to the Vice-President the latter refused to announce it in the Senate. Senator Bacon was then appealed to make the announcement, and when he likewise refused, Mr. Bailey wired his resignation to Gov. Culbitt of Texas.

ONLY ONE-THIRD CLAIMS FOR LOSERS ON REPUBLIC.

Total of \$430,000 to Be Settled Out of \$178,000 by Judge Hough's Decree.

Judge Hough, sitting in the United States Admiralty Court, today signed the final decree of terms of settlement of the claims of the United States and of passengers on the White Star steamship Republic, sunk on Nantucket Shoals Lightship in a collision with the Florida of the Italian line Jan. 24, 1910.

The Italian line must foot the bill, so far as it is possible, out of the \$178,000 received at public auction for the badly damaged Florida, plus \$300 interest.

District Attorney, After Five Weeks of Probing, Ready to Present an Indictment Against a High City Official.

ROBIN AND HIS SISTER GIVE AID TO PROSECUTOR.

One Important Witness Is Out of the City—Official in a Downtown Trust Accused.

District-Attorney Whitman's probe into the affairs of the Carnegie Trust Company and Joseph G. Robin's Washington Savings Bank and Northern Bank—which institutions were closed by the State Banking Department two months ago—have reached a stage, it was learned to-day, when indictments are about to be returned.

Early next week it is expected that an indictment will be brought against an officer of a downtown trust company in connection with a transaction involving the sum of \$127,000. A few days later Mr. Whitman's efforts will probably result in the indictment of a high city official, who has had dealings with officers of the failed banking institutions.

Mr. Whitman was not at his office in the Criminal Courts Building this morning, and his secretary announced that he would not be downtown. At the Hotel Iroquois, where Mr. Whitman resides, it was stated that the District-Attorney was engaged upon important business, and that he could not be disturbed.

CONFERENCE WITH ROBIN.

Mr. Whitman is known to have been in constant telephonic communication all through the day with his office, where Joseph G. Robin, who has pleaded guilty to indictment of larceny of \$27,000 from the Washington Savings Bank, and his sister, Dr. Louise G. Robinovitch, were in conference with Assistant District-Attorney Clark. Robin, before leaving the Tombs to walk over to the District-Attorney's office this morning, sent word to an Evening World reporter that he expected to be busy with Mr. Clark all day.

That Robin has been of valuable assistance to the State was indicated by his confident attitude as to the final disposition of the seven additional indictments which are still pending against him. Already the District-Attorney has announced that the indictment for perjury against Robin's sister will be dismissed. As the basis upon which Robin pleaded guilty was to save the county the expense of a trial, it will naturally follow, in order to make this saving actual, Mr. Whitman will have to recommend that the additional indictments be dismissed.

The Evening World learned to-day that an important witness needed to testify before the grand jury is out of the State. This witness is expected to return not later than Monday. In the event he does not return by then, it is understood that Mr. Whitman will act independently.

The District-Attorney is determined to let no person guilty of wrong doing escape from punishment.

His Investigation Thorough.
The investigation by Mr. Whitman into the methods of high finance which resulted in the crash of two banks and a trust company has been most thorough. For more than a month Assistant District-Attorney Clark has been in the possession of the books of the Carnegie Trust Company, while examination of the State Banking Department have been called upon for additional evidence.

Before the District-Attorney has completed his probe it is expected that there will be found indictments other than those indicated as probable next week.

Robin was formerly a director of the Carnegie Trust Company. He was one of the most intimate terms with the late C. C. Dickinson. When the State Banking Department threw out of Riverdale Bank \$60,000 of Helms loans early in October, 1907, Dickinson came to Robin's aid. Later, Dickinson and Robin had a dispute as to the amount Robin was to pay for the accommodation, and to whom it was to be paid, although the

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